## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA ORANGEBURG DIVISION

Kenneth Walker, Jr., #313005,	)
	) Civil Action No. 5:14-1271-TMC
Petitioner,	)
	)
v.	) ORDER
	)
Joseph McFadden, Warden,	)
	)
Respondent.	)
	)

The petitioner is an inmate at the Lieber Correctional Institution of the South Carolina Department of Corrections and is seeking habeas corpus relief pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Before the court is the magistrate judge's Report and Recommendation ("Report"), recommending that the court dismiss the petition with prejudice as untimely and unexhausted. (ECF No. 17.) The petitioner was advised of his right to file objections to the Report. (ECF No. 17 at 9.) However, the petitioner has not filed objections, and the time to do so has now run.

The Report has no presumptive weight and the responsibility to make a final determination remains with this court. *See Mathews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261, 270-71 (1976). In the absence of objections to the Report, this court is not required to provide an explanation for adopting the recommendation. *See Camby v. Davis*, 718 F.2d 198, 199 (4th Cir. 1983). Rather, "in the absence of a timely filed objection, a district court need not conduct a de novo review, but instead must only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record in order to accept the recommendation." *Diamond v. Colonial Life & Acc. Ins. Co.*, 416 F.3d 310, 315 (4th Cir. 2005) (quoting Fed. R. Civ. P. 72 advisory committee's note).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Civil Rule 73.02, DSC, this matter was initially referred to a magistrate judge.

5:14-cv-01271-TMC Date Filed 07/28/14 Entry Number 21 Page 2 of 2

After a thorough review of the applicable law, the record in this case, and the Report, the

court finds no clear error and, therefore, adopts the Report and incorporates it herein by

reference. Thus, the habeas petition is **DISMISSED** with prejudice as untimely and unexhausted.

In addition, a certificate of appealability will not issue to a prisoner seeking habeas relief

absent "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). A

prisoner satisfies this standard by demonstrating that reasonable jurists would find both that his

constitutional claims are debatable and that any dispositive procedural rulings by the district

court are also debatable or wrong. See Miller-El v. Cockrell, 537 U.S. 322, 336 (2003); Rose v.

Lee, 252 F.3d 676, 683 (4th Cir. 2001). In this case, the court finds that the petitioner has failed

to make a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right. Accordingly, the court

declines to issue a certificate of appealability.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Timothy M. Cain

United States District Judge

July 28, 2014

Anderson, South Carolina